CONNECTING THE BATTERY TO THE INVERTER

JSDsolar J12000HC 12kW 48V WiFi + 51.2V 360Ah 18.4kWh

Connecting the 51.2V 360Ah 18.4kWh battery to the JSDsolar J12000HC 12kW 48V WiFi inverter



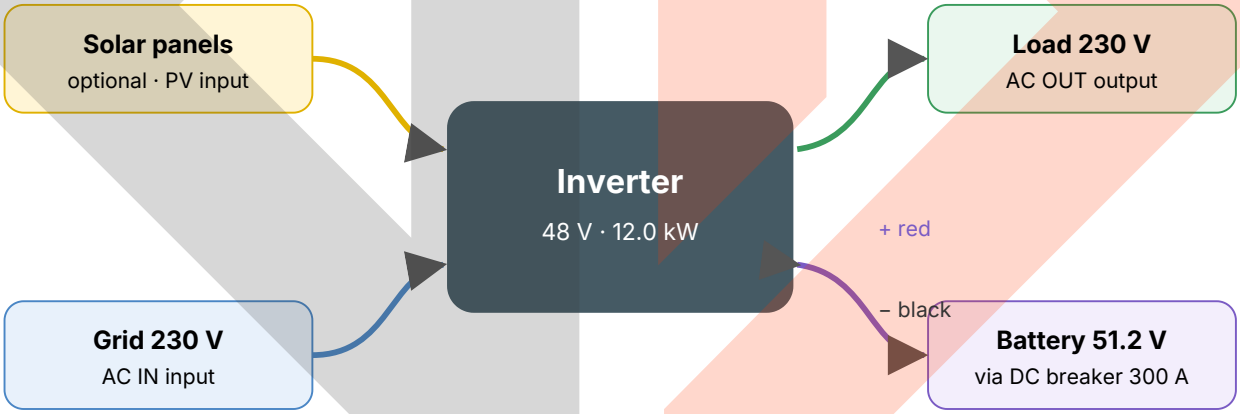
What is included in the system

- **Inverter JSDsolar J12000HC 12kW 48V WiFi**
- **Battery 51.2V 360Ah 18.4kWh**

What else you will need

- Battery–inverter power cables 70 mm² (or 2×35 mm²), M8 lugs
- DC breaker / fuse 300 A
- Breaker 63–80 A, 16 mm² cable for the grid input
- Screwdriver, 13 mm wrench, multimeter

Wiring diagram



Key values for this pair

56.8 V charge voltage (20)	**54.4 V** float voltage (21)	**48.0 V** cut-off (19)
FEL battery type (17)	**100 A** max. charge current (07)	**40 A** grid charging (06)

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Connection procedure

1. Mount the inverter vertically on a non-combustible wall in a dry place. Leave at least 20 cm of free space above and below for cooling.
2. Make sure everything is switched off: inverter button OFF, battery switch/button OFF, DC breaker off, 230 V grid not connected.
3. Install a **300 A** DC breaker or fuse between the battery and the inverter in the positive (red) wire.
4. Connect the power cables (cross-section at least **70 mm² (or 2×35 mm²),** M8 lugs): **red** from the battery "+" to the inverter "+ BAT", **black** from the battery "−" to "− BAT". Check the polarity twice: swapped "+" and "−" will damage the inverter.
5. Tighten the terminal bolts firmly (without stripping the thread) and fit the protective caps. A loose contact heats up and melts the terminals.
6. Switch on the battery (button or switch on the case, if any), then the DC breaker.
7. Switch on the inverter with the ON button. The battery voltage should appear on the display. Enter the settings from the table below.
8. Switch off the inverter and connect the 230 V grid to the **AC IN** terminals (L, N, PE) via a separate 63–80 A breaker.
9. Connect the load (your socket/distribution board) to the **AC OUT** terminals (L, N, PE). Never mix up AC IN and AC OUT: feeding grid power into the output damages the inverter.
10. If you have solar panels, connect them to the **PV** input last, observing polarity. The open-circuit voltage of the panels (Voc) rises in frosty weather: do not exceed the PV maximum on the inverter label.
11. Switch on the inverter and check: 230 V at the output, the battery charges from the grid (charging icon on the display), the lights stay on when the grid is off.

About the battery

- LiFePO4 51.2 V, 360 Ah (18.4 kWh), floor-standing case of about 45 × 24.5 × 80 cm, screen and communication ports on the front panel.
- There is no manufacturer's manual for this battery and the BMS communication protocol is unknown, so the inverter is set up **without a communication cable** (type by voltage, values in the table).
- A charge current of 100 A is moderate for 360 Ah; if the battery datasheet states less, use the datasheet value.

Inverter settings

Menu access: hold the **ENTER** button for 2 seconds. Use ▲/▼ to select the program number, ENTER, change the value, ENTER to save. Exit: **ESC.**

№	Parameter	Value	Why
01	Output voltage	**230V**	Standard for Ukraine and Europe.
02	Output frequency	**50Hz**	Standard for Ukraine and Europe.

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03	Output source priority	**GPB** (without panels) or **PBG** (with panels)	GPB: from the grid, battery kept full for outages. PBG: solar and battery first, grid when they are not enough.
04	Input mode	**UPS** (grid) / **GEN** (generator)	UPS: fast switching for computers. GEN: power from a generator.
05	Charging source priority	**PNG** (solar + grid)	Charging from both solar and grid.
06	Grid charging current	**40 A**	Moderate grid charging, without overloading the wiring or the battery.
07	Maximum charging current (total)	**100 A**	Total solar + grid charging, safe for LiFePO4 360Ah. Do not set higher.
09	Auto restart after overload	**ON**	The inverter resumes operation by itself.
10	Auto restart after overheating	**ON**	The inverter resumes operation by itself.
17	Battery type	**FEL** (LiFePO4)	Lithium iron phosphate. AGM / FLD are for lead-acid only.
44	BMS communication	**OFF**	No communication cable to the inverter.
20	Charge voltage (CV)	**56.8 V**	Standard for LiFePO4 16S (51.2 V).
21	Float voltage	**54.4 V**	The battery is not overcharged when it stays on the grid for a long time.
19	Cut-off voltage	**48.0 V**	The inverter cuts the output before the battery reaches BMS protection.
15	Switch to grid	**50.0 V**	When discharged to this voltage, the load switches to the grid.
16	Return to battery	**54.0 V**	After recharging to this voltage, the inverter runs from the battery again.
32	Equalization charge	**OFF**	Not used for LiFePO4.

Menu item numbers are the same for the whole JSDsolar HC inverter series (same display and buttons). After entering the settings, switch the inverter off and on.

Which mode to choose

- **Backup during outages only (no panels):** 03 = GPB, 05 = PNG. The inverter runs from the grid, the battery is always full; during a power outage it switches to the battery automatically.
- **You have solar panels and want to save:** 03 = PBG, 05 = PNG (or OPV for solar only). Solar by day, battery at night, grid only when the battery has dropped to 50.0 V.
- **Running on a generator:** 04 = GEN, 06 = 40 A or less, so as not to overload the generator.

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How long it runs on battery

Load	Example	Runtime
200 W	fridge + lights	**≈ 74.6 h**
300 W	fridge + lights + TV	**≈ 49.8 h**
500 W	fridge, laptop, pump	**≈ 29.9 h**
1000 W	boiler, kettle briefly, several appliances	**≈ 14.9 h**
2000 W	air conditioner, water heater, electric stove	**≈ 7.5 h**
4000 W	whole house, pump, power tools	**≈ 3.7 h**

Approximate: 90% of battery capacity and inverter efficiency ≈90%. A fridge runs in cycles, so the real runtime is longer.

Check after start-up

- Battery voltage on the display: ≈ 54.4–56.8 V when full, ≈ 50.0 V when discharged.
- Switch off the grid breaker: the load must keep running without interruption.
- After 10–15 min of operation, touch the terminals and cables: they must not be hot. If they heat up, a connection is loose or the cable is too thin.
- A battery below 46.4 V may have gone into BMS protection: charge it from the grid through the inverter.

Safety. Make all connections only with the battery, inverter and grid switched off. Do not short-circuit the battery terminals: the short-circuit current of LiFePO4 is very high. Do not install the inverter in a bathroom, outdoors in the rain or near flammable materials. If in doubt, contact an electrician.

Shutdown and maintenance

- Switch off in reverse order: load → grid → panels → inverter → DC breaker → battery.
- Every 3 months, check that the terminals are tight and the ventilation openings are clean.
- If you do not use the kit for a long time, charge the battery to 50–70% and switch it off.

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